

DAFTAR PUSTAKA

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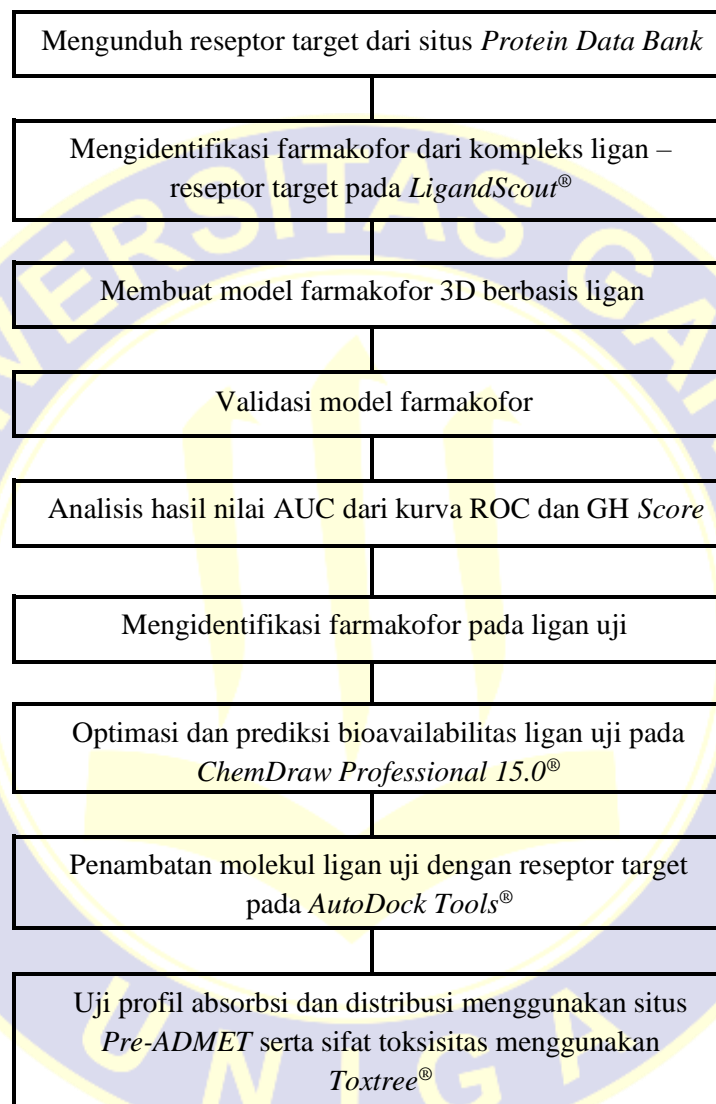
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LAMPIRAN 1

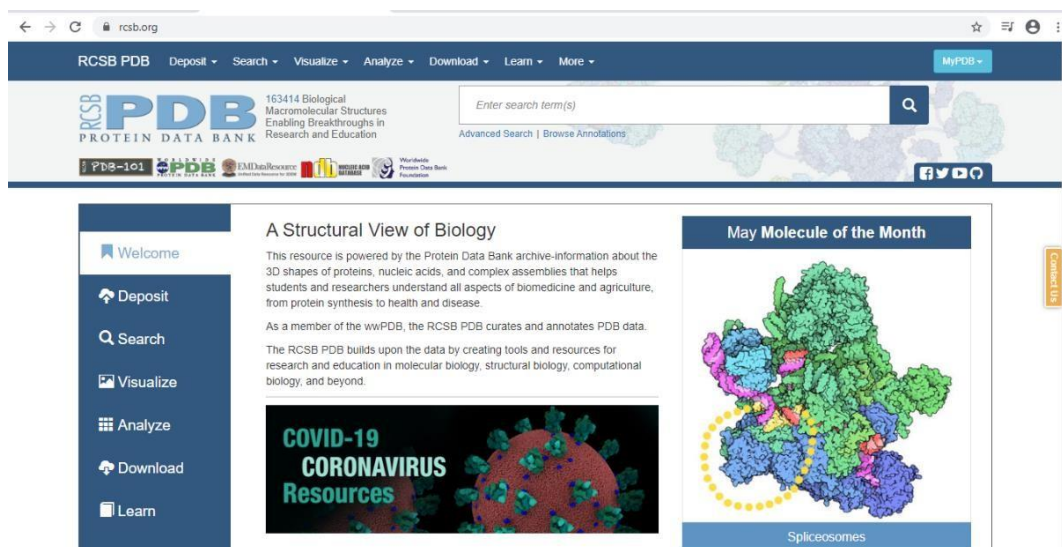
ALUR PENELITIAN *SCREENING* FARMAKOFOR DAN PENAMBATAN MOLEKUL



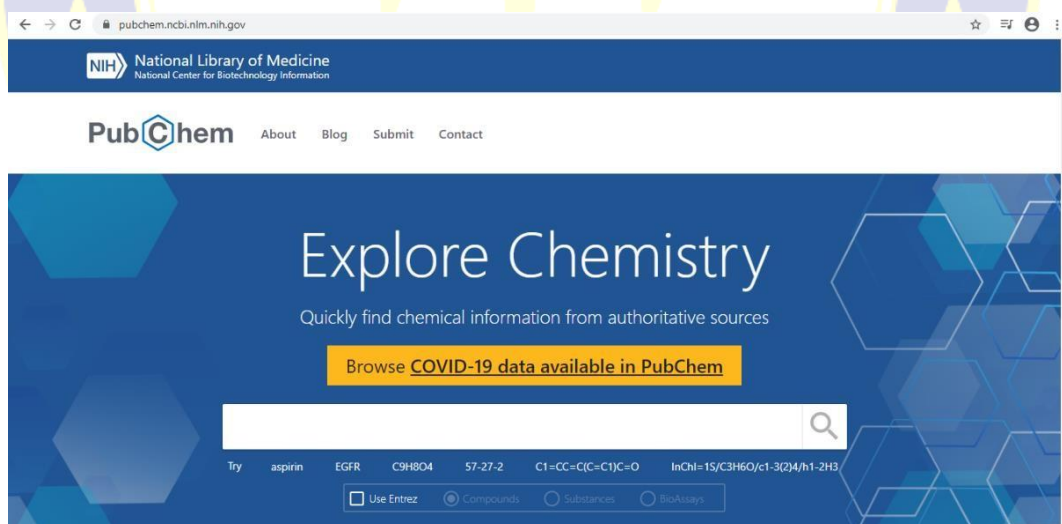
Gambar IV.1 Alur penelitian *screening* farmakofor dan penambatan molekul

LAMPIRAN 2

SITUS DAN APLIKASI



Gambar IV.2 Tampilan situs *Protein Data Bank*



Gambar IV.3 Tampilan situs *PubChem*

LAMPIRAN 2

(LANJUTAN)

The screenshot shows the homepage of the Binding Database (bindingdb.org). The page features a navigation menu with links for Home, Info, Download, About us, Email us, Contribute data, and Web Services. A prominent search bar is available for simple and advanced searches. The main content area includes a description of the database, a list of recent news items (November 2017, September 2017, June 2017), and a section for patent curation statistics. A sidebar on the left provides various search and browse options like Target, Sequence, Name & Constants, and Chemical Structure.

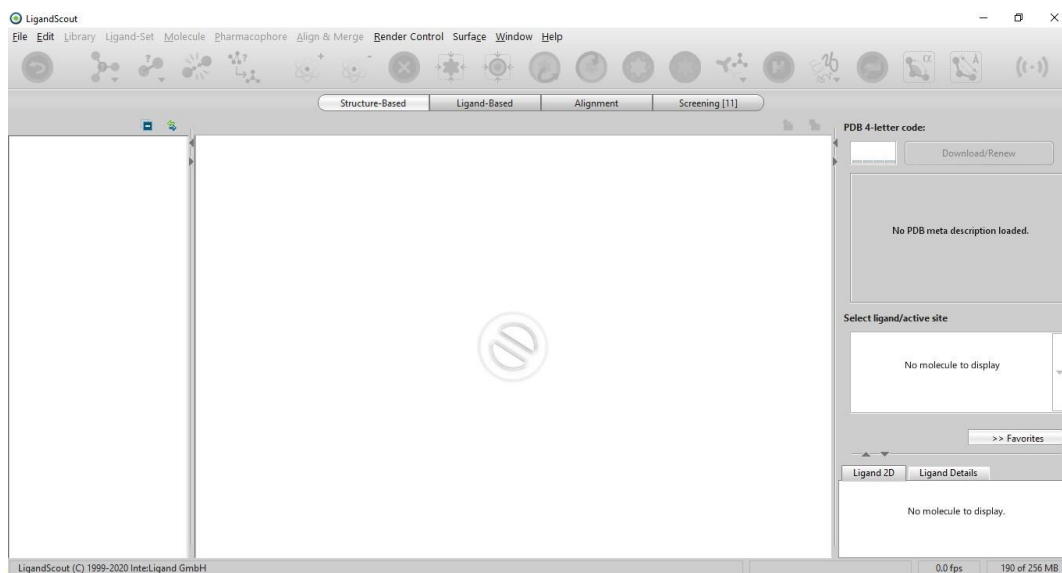
Gambar IV.4 Tampilan situs *Binding Database*

The screenshot shows the homepage of DUD-E (DUD-E: A Database of Useful Decoys: Enhanced). The page features a navigation menu with links for Home, Targets, Subsets, Generate, Other, FAQ, Revisions, and Thanks. The main content area includes a welcome message, a list of key statistics (22,886 active compounds, 102 targets, 224 ligands per target, 50 decoys per active), and information about the database's availability in mol2 and SDF formats. The page also mentions the Shoichet Laboratory at the University of California, San Francisco, and provides contact information for John Irwin.

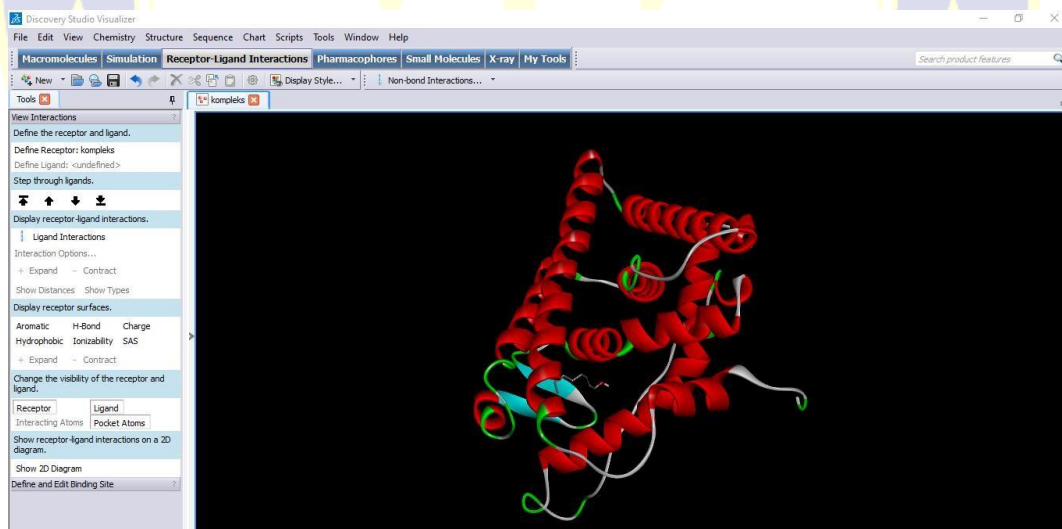
Gambar IV.5 Tampilan situs *DUD-E*

LAMPIRAN 2

(LANJUTAN)



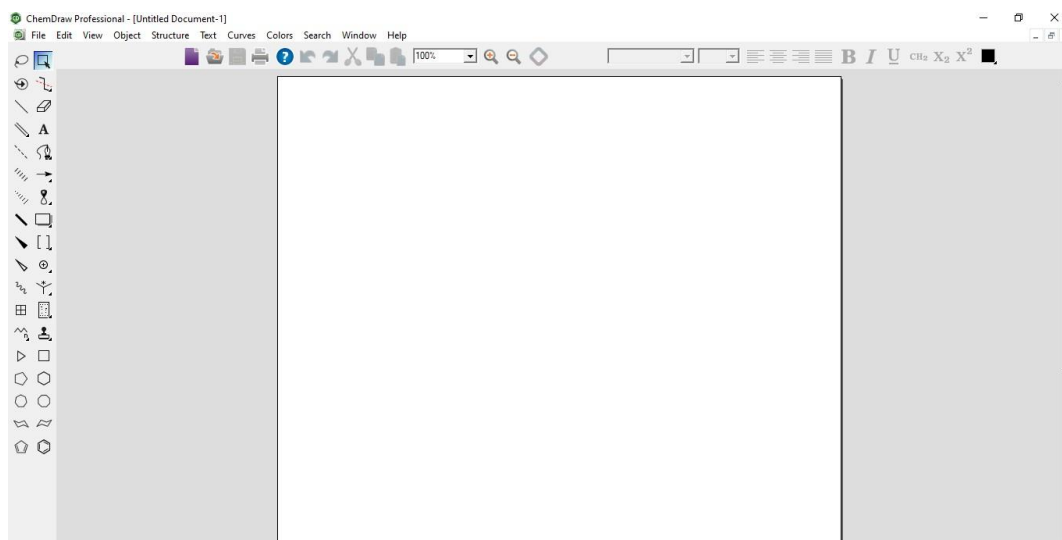
Gambar IV.6 Tampilan aplikasi *LigandScout*[®]



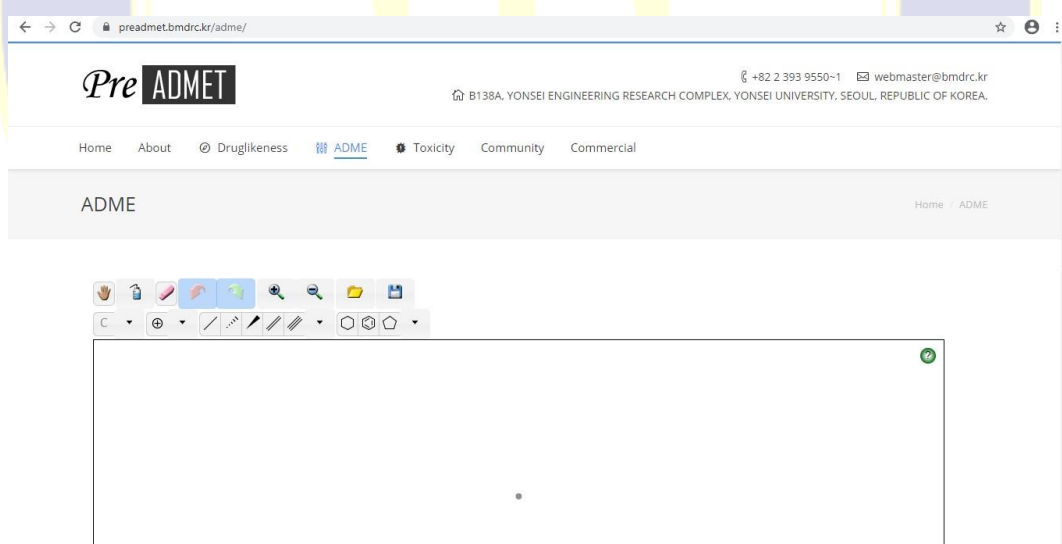
Gambar IV.7 Tampilan aplikasi *Discovery Studio Visualizer*[®]

LAMPIRAN 2

(LANJUTAN)



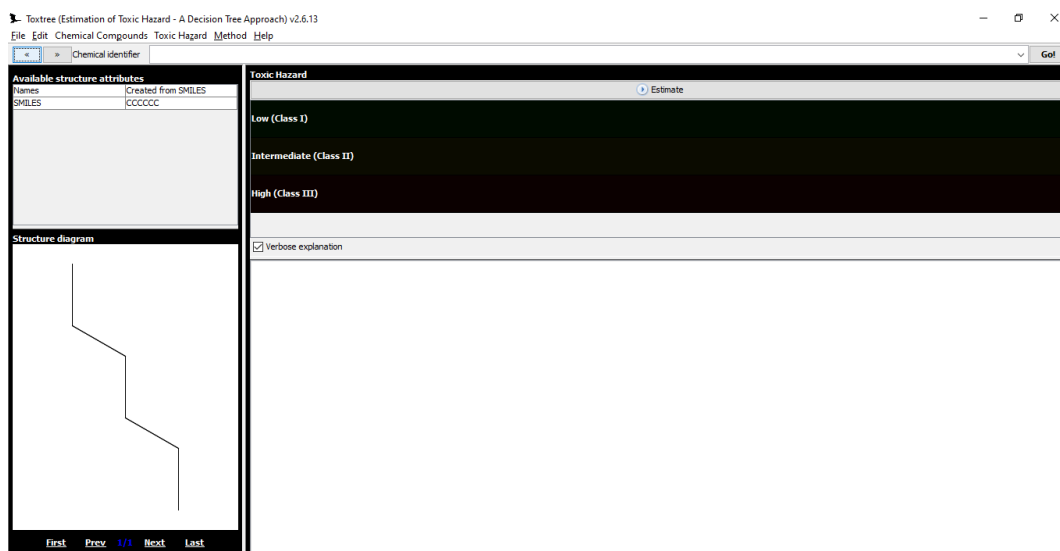
Gambar IV.8 Tampilan aplikasi *ChemDraw Professional 15.0*[®]



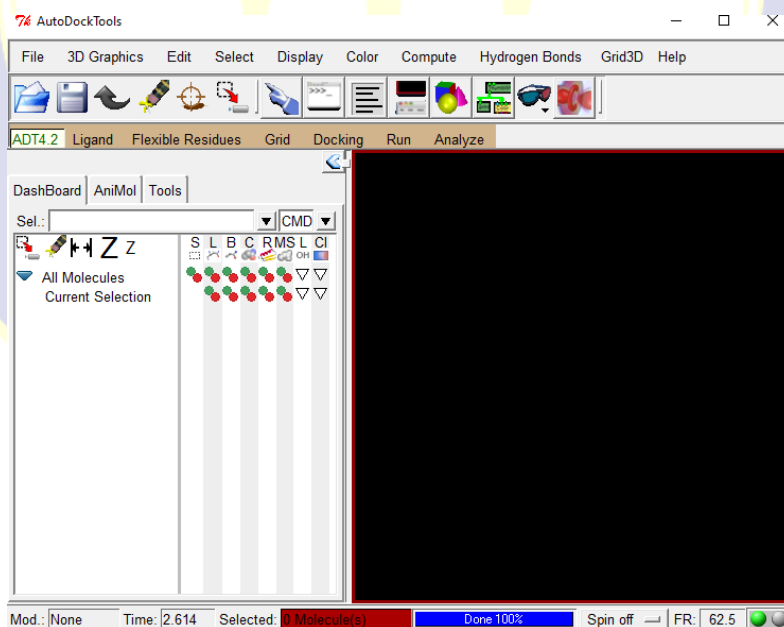
Gambar IV.9 Tampilan situs *PreADMET*

LAMPIRAN 2

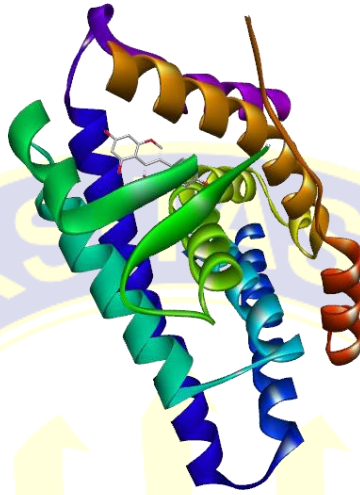
(LANJUTAN)



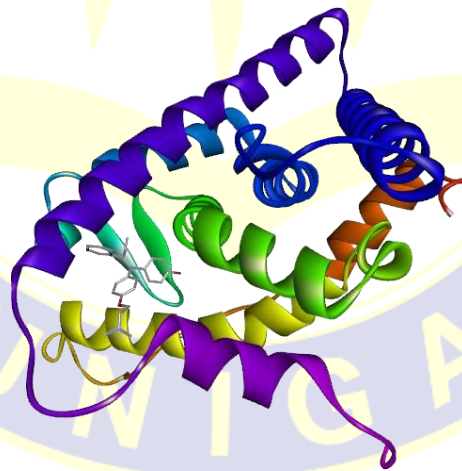
Gambar IV.10 Tampilan aplikasi *Toxtree*[®]



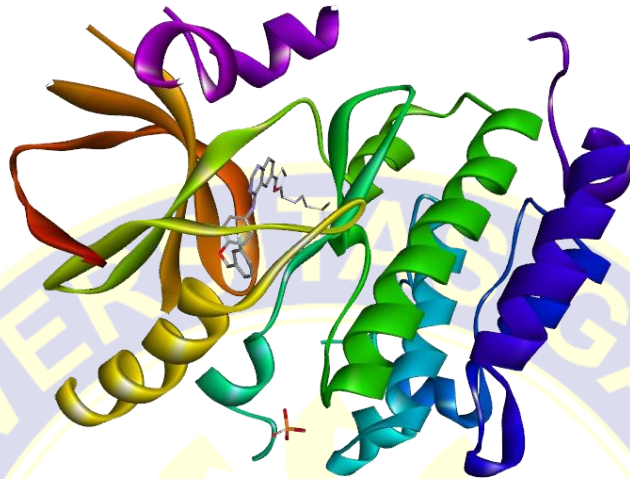
Gambar IV.11 Tampilan aplikasi *AutoDock Tools*[®]

LAMPIRAN 3**STRUKTUR 3D MAKROMOLEKUL PROTEIN**

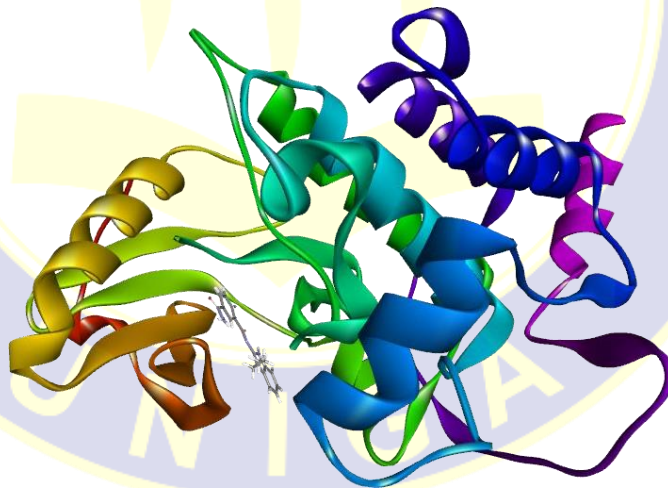
Gambar IV.12 *Estrogen Receptor - Beta* ID 1QKM



Gambar IV.13 *Estrogen Receptor - Alpha* ID 3ERT

LAMPIRAN 3**(LANJUTAN)**

Gambar IV.14 *Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor* ID 1XKK



Gambar IV.15 *Mitogen-Activated Protein Kinase Kinase Kinase 7* ID 5V5N

LAMPIRAN 4
STRUKTUR 2D LIGAN UJI

Tabel IV.1

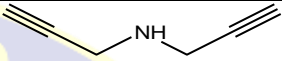

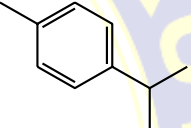
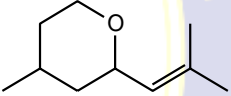
Senyawa Minyak Atsiri Tanaman Jelatang (*Laportea aestuans* (L.) Chew)

No.	Nama Senyawa	Compound ID	Struktur 2D
1.	<i>(E)</i> -2-Octen-1-ol	5318599	
2.	<i>(E,E)</i> -1,5-Cyclododecadiene	5364368	
3.	<i>N</i> -(2-hydroxyiminocyclohexylidene) Hydroxylamine	135492011	
4.	1,4-Octadiene	5364369	
5.	2,4,6-Cycloheptatriene-1-one	10881	
6.	1,3,3-trimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-ol	6997371	
7.	2-isopropenyl-5-methyl-4-hexen-1-ol	94060	
8.	3,7-dimethylocta-1,6-dien-3-ol	6549	
9.	Methyl-2-hydroxybenzoate	4133	
10.	(6,6-dimethyl-2-bicyclo[3.1.1]hept-2-enyl)methanol	10582	

LAMPIRAN 4
(LANJUTAN)

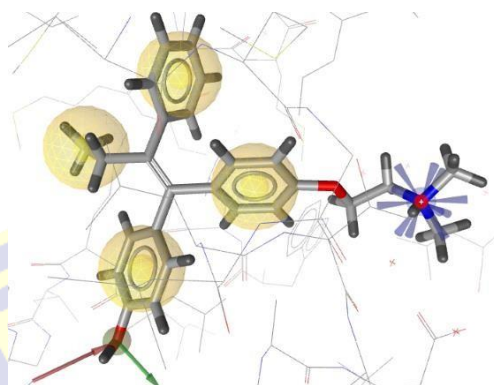
Tabel IV.1

Lanjutan

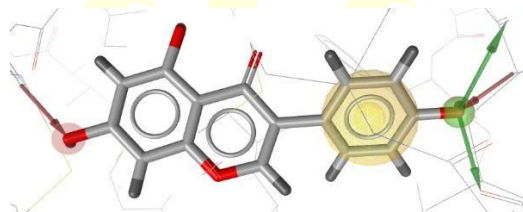
No.	Nama Senyawa	Compound ID	Struktur 2D
11.	<i>N</i> -2-propynyl-2-propyn-1-amine	23350	
12.	<i>Cyclohexa</i> -2,5-diene-1,4-dione	4650	
13.	<i>1</i> -methyl-4-(propan-2-yl)benzene	7463	
14.	(2 <i>S</i> ,4 <i>S</i>)-4-methyl-2-(2-methylprop-1-enyl)oxane	1712086	

LAMPIRAN 5

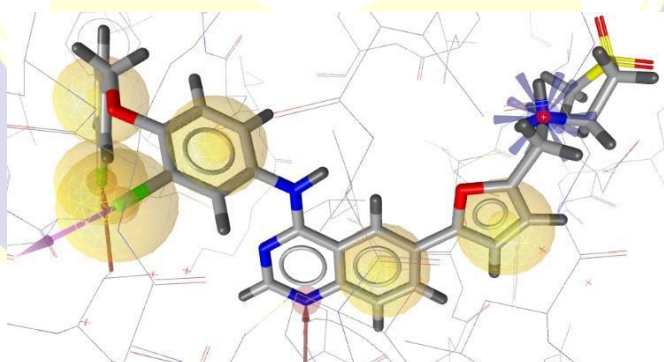
SCREENING FARMAKOFOR



Gambar V.1 Hasil *screening* farmakofor pada *Estrogen Receptor – Alpha*



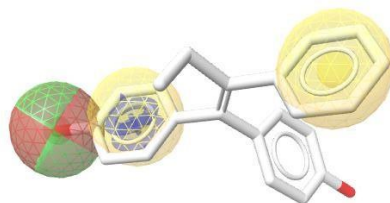
Gambar V.2 Hasil *screening* farmakofor pada *Estrogen Receptor – Beta*



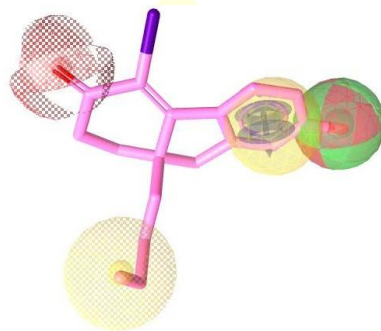
Gambar V.3 Hasil *screening* farmakofor pada *Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor*

LAMPIRAN 5

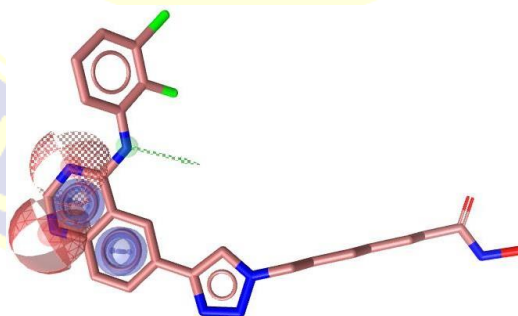
(LANJUTAN)



Gambar V.4 Model 1 farmakofor ligan pada *Estrogen Receptor – Alpha*



Gambar V.5 Model 1 farmakofor ligan pada *Estrogen Receptor – Beta*



Gambar V.6 Model 1 farmakofor ligan *Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor*

LAMPIRAN 5
(LANJUTAN)

Tabel V.1

Hasil Validasi Model *Pharmacophore*





Reseptor	ROC Curve	AUC	GH Score
ER- α	<p>21 hits of 120 total compounds (20 actives, 100 decoys) AUC_{1,5;10;100%}: 1,00;1,00;1,00;1,00</p>	1,00	0,95
ER- β	<p>28 hits of 120 total compounds (20 actives, 100 decoys) AUC_{1,5;10;100%}: 1,00;1,00;1,00;1,00 EF_{1,5;10;100%}: 6,0;6,0;6,0;4,3</p>	1,00	0,78
EGFR	<p>28 hits of 120 total compounds (20 actives, 100 decoys) AUC_{1,5;10;100%}: 1,00;1,00;1,00;0,99</p>	0,99	0,72

LAMPIRAN 5

(LANJUTAN)








Tabel V.2

Hasil Screening Farmakofor *Estrogen Receptor – Alpha*

No.	Nama Senyawa	Matching Features	Fit Score
1.	Tamoxifen (ligan pembanding)		-
2.	<i>Linalool</i>		44,00
3.	<i>(E)-2-Octen-1-ol</i>		43,93
4.	<i>Lavandulol</i>		43,78

Tabel V.3

Hasil Screening Farmakofor *Estrogen Receptor - Beta*




No.	Nama Senyawa	Matching Features	Fit Score
1.	Genistein (ligan pembanding)		-
2.	<i>Methyl salicylate</i>		45,69
3.	<i>Fenchol</i>		38,67
4.	<i>(E)-2-Octen-1-ol</i>		38,51
5.	<i>Lavandulol</i>		38,04
6.	<i>Myrtenol</i>		37,69
7.	<i>Linalool</i>		35,21

LAMPIRAN 5

(LANJUTAN)

Tabel V.4

Hasil *Screening* Farmakofor *Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor*

No.	Nama Senyawa	Matching Features	Fit Score
1.	Lapatinib (ligan pembanding)		-
2.	<i>Methyl salicylate</i>		35,86
3.	<i>Nioxime</i>		33,50

Keterangan :

Warna biru = Cincin aromatik

Warna kuning = Ikatan hidrofobik

Warna merah = Akseptor ikatan hidrogen

Warna hijau = Donor ikatan hidrogen

LAMPIRAN 6

**PREDIKSI DRUG LIKENESS BERDASARKAN ATURAN LIPINSKI'S
RULE OF FIVE**

Tabel V.5

Prediksi Drug Likeness Senyawa Minyak Atsiri Tanaman Jelatang (*Laportea
aestuans* (L.) Chew) Berdasarkan Aturan Lipinski's Rule of Five

Senyawa	Berat Molekul (gr/mol)	Akseptor ikatan hidrogen	Donor ikatan hidrogen	Log P	Keterangan
<i>(E)</i> -2-Octen-1-ol	128,12	1	5	2,655	Memenuhi syarat
<i>(E,E)</i> -1,5-Cyclododecadiene	164,157	0	0	5,74	Memenuhi syarat
<i>Nioxime</i>	142,074	4	2	0,846	Memenuhi syarat
<i>1,4-Octadiene</i>	110,11	0	0	3,958	Memenuhi syarat
<i>Tropone</i>	106,042	1	0	0,612	Memenuhi syarat
<i>Fenchol</i>	154,136	1	1	3,099	Memenuhi syarat
<i>Lavandulol</i>	154,136	1	1	2,639	Memenuhi syarat
<i>Linalool</i>	154,136	1	1	2,749	Memenuhi syarat
<i>Methyl salicylate</i>	152,047	2	1	2,335	Memenuhi syarat
<i>Myrtenol</i>	152,12	1	1	2,915	Memenuhi syarat
<i>Dipropargylamine</i>	93,058	1	1	0,322	Memenuhi syarat
<i>Benzoquinone</i>	108,021	2	0	0,208	Memenuhi syarat
<i>P-Cymene</i>	134,11	0	0	4,068	Memenuhi syarat

LAMPIRAN 6**(LANJUTAN)****Tabel V.5**

Lanjutan

Senyawa	Berat Molekul (gr/mol)	Akseptor ikatan hidrogen	Donor ikatan hidrogen	Log P	Keterangan
<i>Trans-Rose Oxide</i>	154,136	1	0	3,116	Memenuhi syarat

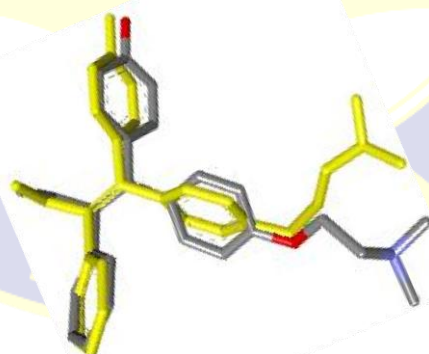


LAMPIRAN 7
VALIDASI METODE

Tabel V.6

Hasil Validasi Metode Penambatan Molekul

No.	Kode PDB	RMSD	Grid Box
1.	3ERT	1,180 Å	X = 30,282 Y = - 1,913 Z = 24,207
2.	1QKM	1,775 Å	X = 22,333 Y = 8,098 Z = 113,228
3.	1XKK	1,876 Å	X = 18,866 Y = 35,252 Z = 37,650
4.	5V5N	0,829 Å	X = -14,810 Y = -48,790 Z = -16,291

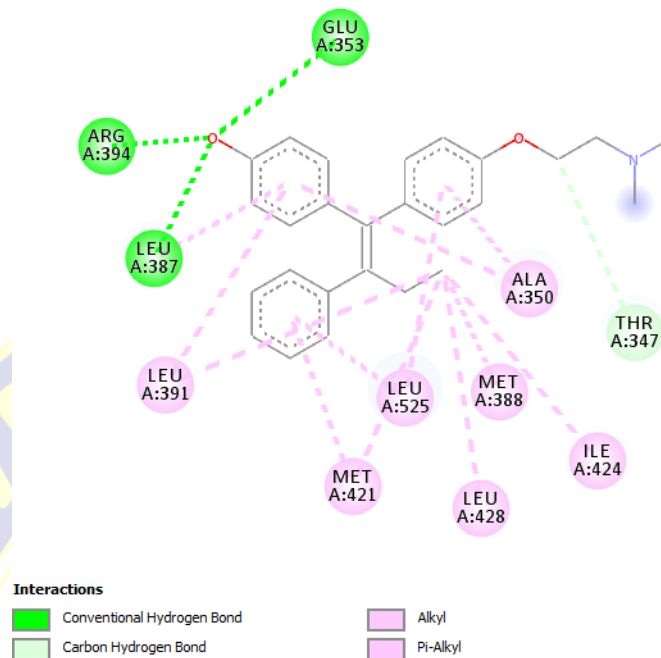


Gambar V.7 Visualisasi tumpang tindih ligan alami 3ERT (merah-abu-biru)

dengan ligan hasil *redocking* (kuning)

LAMPIRAN 7

(LANJUTAN)



Gambar V.8 Interaksi tamoxifen dengan residu-residu asam amino pada *Estrogen*

Receptor – Alpha

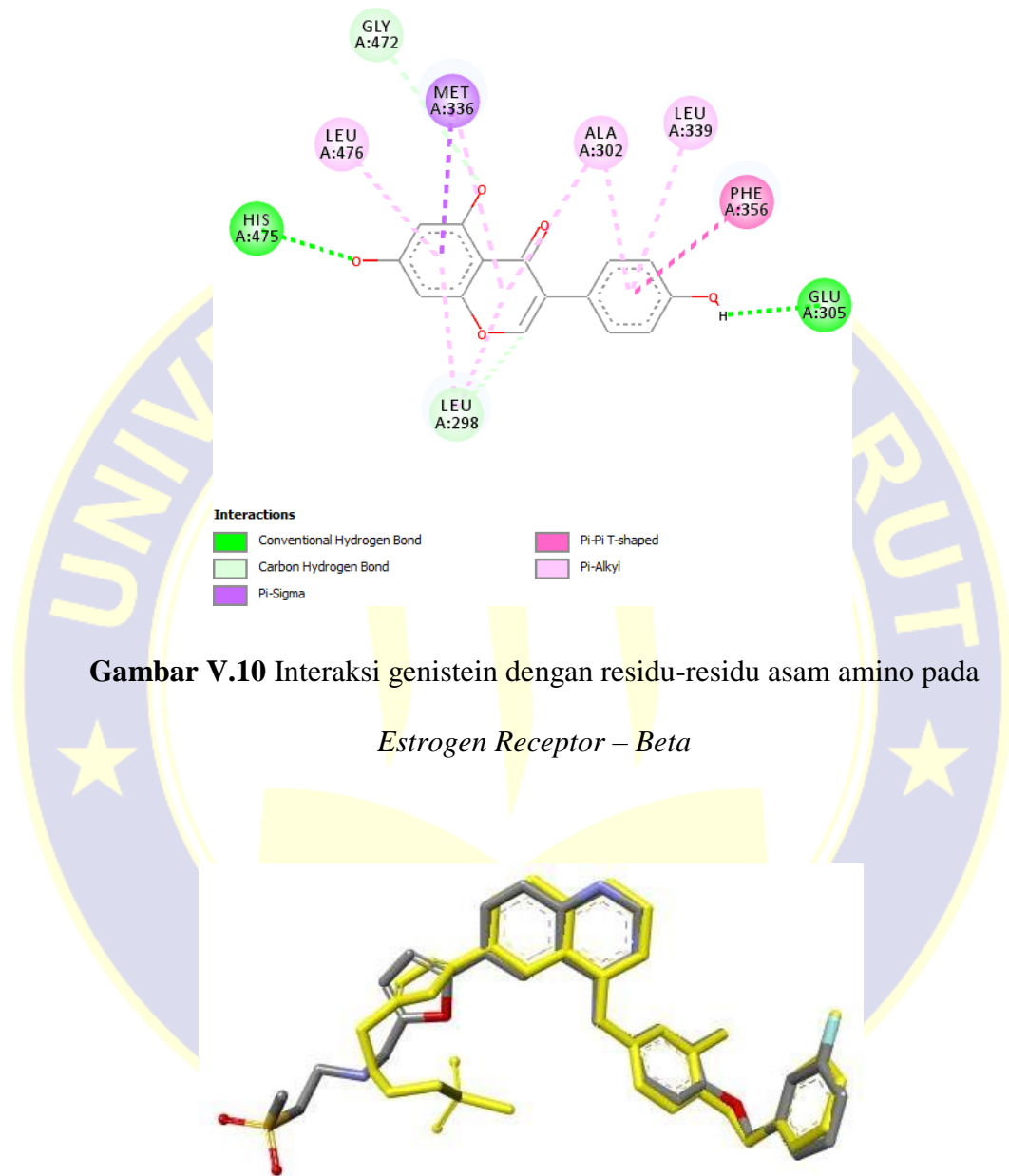


Gambar V.9 Visualisasi tumpang tindih ligan alami 1QKM (merah-abu-putih)

dengan ligan hasil *redocking* (kuning)

LAMPIRAN 7

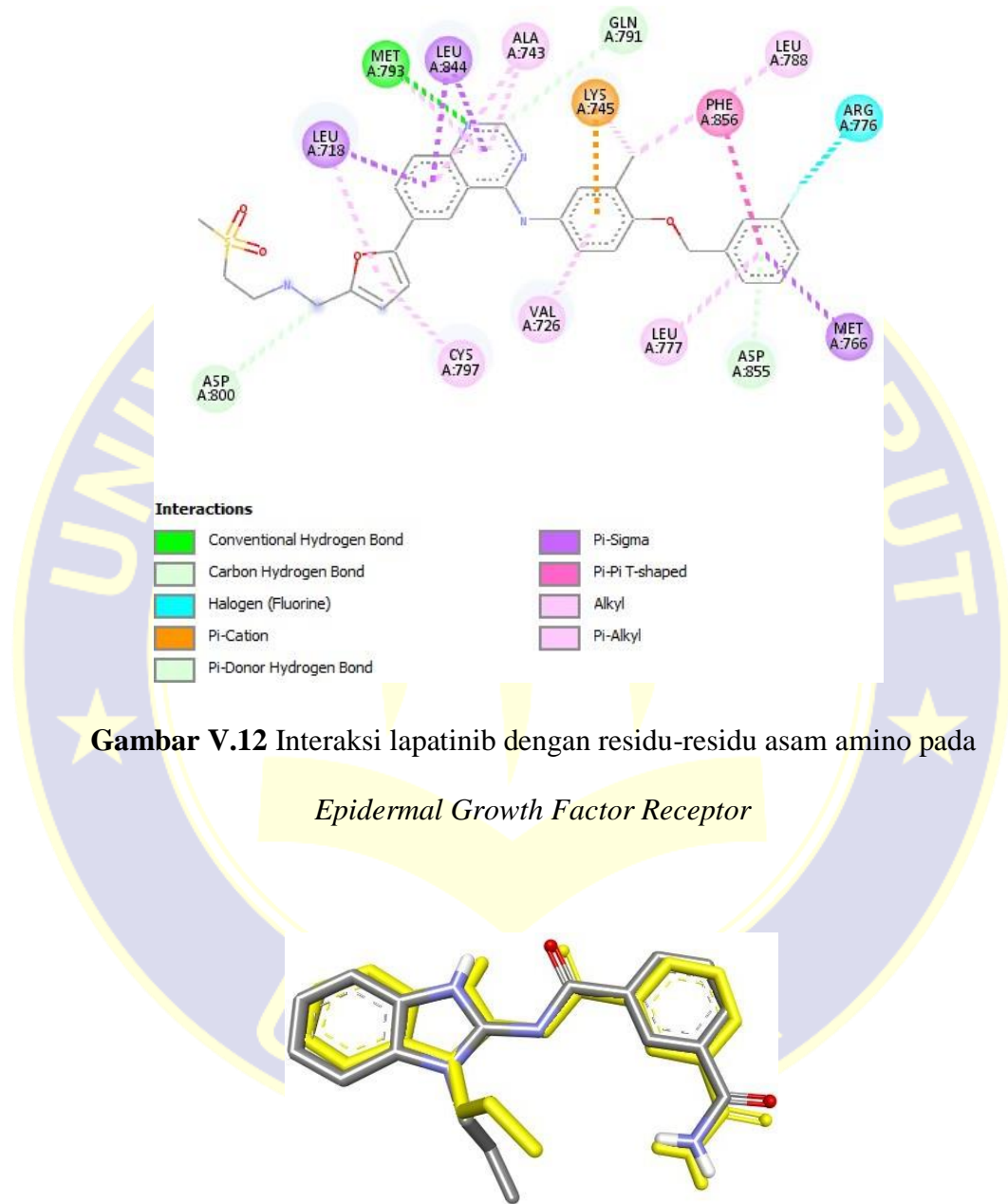
(LANJUTAN)



Gambar V.11 Visualisasi tumpang tindih ligan alami 1XKK (merah-abu-biru) dengan ligan hasil *redocking* (kuning)

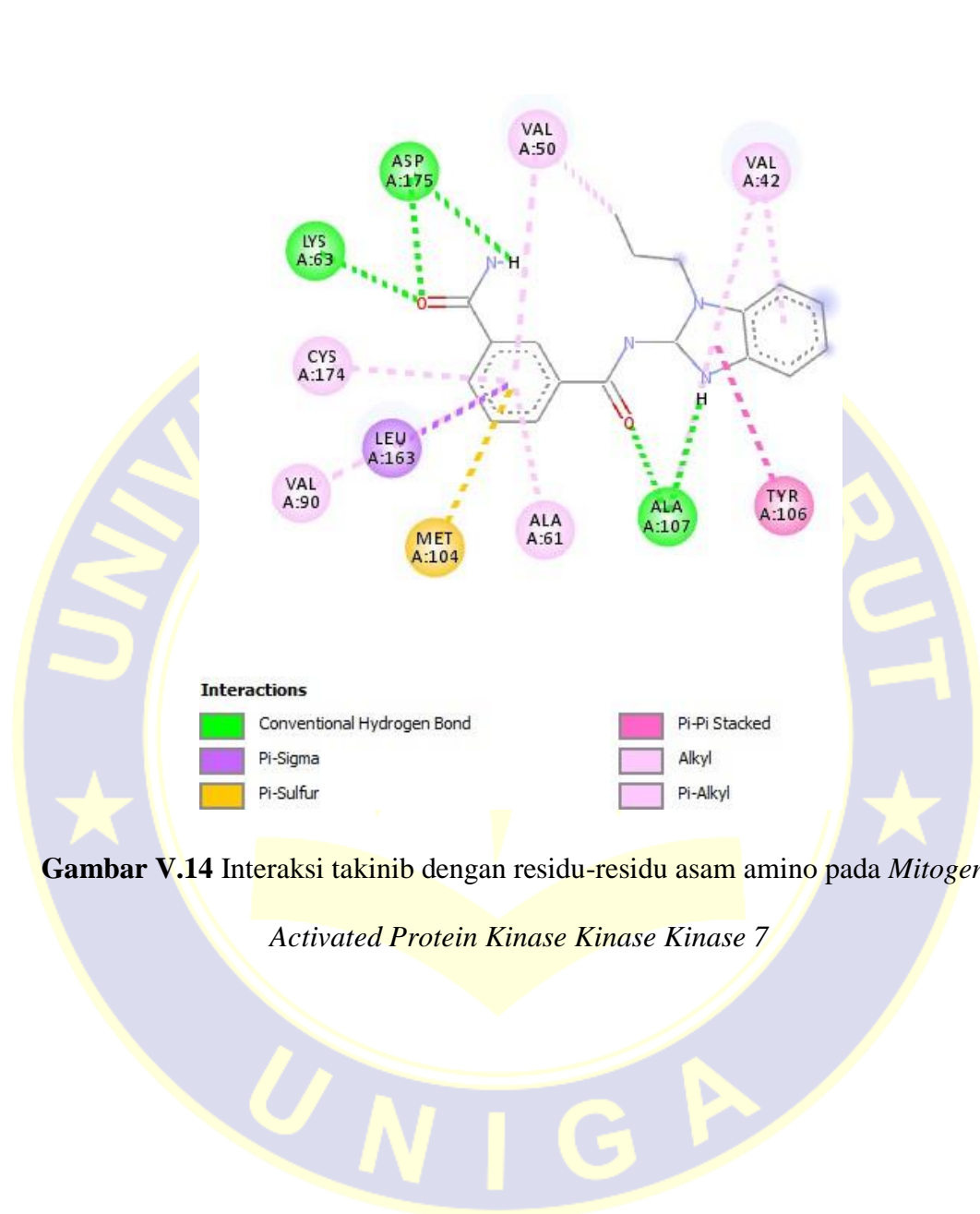
LAMPIRAN 7

(LANJUTAN)



LAMPIRAN 7

(LANJUTAN)



LAMPIRAN 8

PENAMBATAN MOLEKUL LIGAN UJI

Tabel V.7

Hasil Penambatan Molekul Ligan Uji Pada *Estrogen Receptor – Alpha*

No.	Senyawa	ΔG (kcal/mol)	KI (nM)	Residu asam amino yang berikatan
1.	Tamoxifen (Ligan Pembanding)	-11,65	2,88	MET421A, ILE424A, LEU428A, MET388A, LEU391A, LEU525A, ALA350A, THR347A, GLU353A, ARG394A, LEU387A, LEU387A
2.	<i>(E)</i> -2-Octen-1-ol	-4,15	$907,21 \times 10^3$	GLU353A, ARG394A, PHE404A, LEU346A, MET421A
3.	<i>(E,E)</i> -1,5- Cyclododecadiene	-6,49	$17,58 \times 10^3$	LEU391A, LEU387A, LEU346A
4.	<i>Nioxime</i>	-5,79	$59,63 \times 10^3$	LEU387A, LEU391A, ARG394A, GLU353A
5.	<i>1,4-Octadiene</i>	-3,71	$1,91 \times 10^6$	MET388A, LEU428A, LEU391A, LEU349A, LEU346A, ALA350A
6.	<i>Tropone</i>	-4,56	$453,64 \times 10^3$	LEU387A, LEU391A, ARG394A, GLU353A, LEU349A, LEU346A, ALA350A
7.	<i>Fenchol</i>	-6,05	$36,66 \times 10^3$	MET388A, LEU391A, LEU387A, PHE404A, LEU346A, LEU349A, ALA350A, GLU353A
8.	<i>Lavandulol</i>	-5,49	$95,05 \times 10^3$	LEU428A, MET388A, LEU391A, GLU353A, PHE404A, LEU349A, LEU346A, ALA350A, MET421A

LAMPIRAN 8

(LANJUTAN)

Tabel V.7

Lanjutan

No.	Senyawa	ΔG (kkal/mol)	KI (nM)	Residu asam amino yang berikatan
9.	<i>Linalool</i>	-5,74	$61,64 \times 10^3$	MET421A, ILE424A, MET388A, LEU428A, LEU391A, LEU387A, PHE404A, LEU346A, ALA350A, LEU349A, GLU353A, ARG394A
10.	<i>Methyl salicylate</i>	-5,29	$132,76 \times 10^3$	LEU391A, ALA387A, ARG394A, GLU353A, LEU349A, LEU346A
11.	<i>Myrtenol</i>	-6,23	$27,17 \times 10^3$	LEU387A, GLU353A, ARG394A, ALA350, LEU349A, LEU391A, PHE404, LEU346A,
12.	<i>Dipropargylamine</i>	-4,46	$540,47 \times 10^3$	GLU353A, ALA350A, LEU346A, LEU349A, PHE404, LEU391A
13.	<i>Benzoquinone</i>	-4,18	$860,36 \times 10^3$	LEU387A, LEU391A, ARG394A, GLU353A, LEU349A, LEU346A, ALA350
14.	<i>P-Cymene</i>	-4,95	$236,24 \times 10^3$	MET388A, LEU428A, ILE424A, MET421A, LEU391A, LEU387A, LEU349A
15.	<i>Trans-Rose Oxide</i>	-5,22	$149,83 \times 10^3$	MET421A, ILE424A, MET388A, LEU428A, LEU391A, LEU387A, ALA350A, LEU346A, LEU349

LAMPIRAN 8

(LANJUTAN)

Tabel V.8

Hasil Penambatan Molekul Ligan Uji Pada *Estrogen Receptor – Beta*

No.	Senyawa	ΔG (kkal/mol)	KI (nM)	Residu asam amino yang berikatan
1.	Genistein (Ligan Pembanding)	-9,62	88,20	PHE356A, LEU339A, ALA302A, LEU298A, MET336A, GLY472A, LEU476A, LEU298A, HIS475A
2.	<i>(E)</i> -2-Octen-1-ol	-4,92	$248,18 \times 10^3$	ALA302A, VAL487, LEU476A, GLU305A, ARG346A
3.	<i>(E,E)</i> -1,5- Cyclododecadiene	-7,38	$3,91 \times 10^3$	PHE356A, LEU298A, ALA302A, LEU339A
4.	<i>Nioxime</i>	-6,32	$23,42 \times 10^3$	PHE356A, LEU343A, ARG346A, GLU305A, LEU339A
5.	<i>1,4-Octadiene</i>	-4,17	$871,69 \times 10^3$	LEU301A, PHE356A, LEU343A, LEU339A, ALA302A, MET336A, TRP335A, VAL487A, LEU476A
6.	<i>Tropone</i>	-4,80	301×10^3	HIS475A, LEU476A, MET336A
7.	<i>Fenchol</i>	-6,44	$18,91 \times 10^3$	LEU298A, PHE356A, LEU301A, LEU343A, MET340A, LEU339A, MET336A
8.	<i>Lavandulol</i>	-6,11	$33,01 \times 10^3$	LEU298A, PHE356A, LEU343A, ARG346A, GLU305A, MET340A, LEU339A, MET336A, ALA302A
9.	<i>Linalool</i>	-6,17	$30,24 \times 10^3$	PHE356A, LEU380A, MET340A, MET336A, ALA302A, LEU339A, LEU301A, ARG346A

LAMPIRAN 8

(LANJUTAN)

Tabel V.8

Lanjutan

No.	Senyawa	ΔG (kkal/mol)	KI (nM)	Residu asam amino yang berikatan
10.	<i>Methyl salicylate</i>	-4,95	$234,91 \times 10^3$	LEU343A, PHE356A, LEU301A, GLU305A, LEU339A, MET336A, ALA302A, LEU298A
11.	<i>Myrtenol</i>	-6,65	$13,32 \times 10^3$	ARG346A, LEU343A, PHE356, LEU298A, ALA302A, MET336A, LEU339A, MET340A
12.	<i>Dipropargylamine</i>	-4,89	$259,90 \times 10^3$	LEU298A, PHE356A, LEU301A, PHE356A, LEU343A, MET340A, LEU339A
13.	<i>Benzoquinone</i>	-4,39	$608,50 \times 10^3$	MET336A, LEU476A, HIS475A
14.	<i>P-Cymene</i>	-5,63	$74,21 \times 10^3$	LEU298A, ALA302A, MET336A, LEU339A, MET340A, LEU343A, PHE356A, LEU301A
15.	<i>Trans-Rose Oxide</i>	-5,94	$44,35 \times 10^3$	LEU298A, VAL487A, ALA302A, LEU339A, MET340A, LEU343A, PHE356A, LEU301A

LAMPIRAN 8

(LANJUTAN)

Tabel V.9

Hasil Penambatan Molekul Ligan Uji Pada *Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor*

No.	Senyawa	ΔG (kkal/mol)	KI (nM)	Residu asam amino yang berikatan
1.	Lapatinib (Ligan Pembanding)	-12,54	0,64373	ASP800A, CYS797A, LEU718A, LEU844A, ALA743A, MET793A, GLN791A, VAL726A, LYS745A, LEU788A, ASP855A, MET766A, LEU777A, PHE856A, ARG776A
2.	<i>(E)</i> -2-Octen-1-ol	-4,37	$621,80 \times 10^3$	PHE856A, MET766A, LEU777A, ASP855A
3.	<i>(E,E)</i> -1,5- Cyclododecadiene	-7,34	$4,16 \times 10^3$	MET766A, LEU777A
4.	<i>Nioxime</i>	-6,46	$18,37 \times 10^3$	ASP837A, ARG841A, PHE723A, GLY724A,
5.	<i>1,4-Octadiene</i>	-4,43	$561,92 \times 10^3$	PHE856A, MET766A, LEU788A, LYS745A
6.	<i>Tropone</i>	-4,85	277×10^3	PHE856A, CYS775A, MET766A, LEU777A
7.	<i>Fenchol</i>	-5,68	$69,03 \times 10^3$	THR854A, CYS775A, LEU858A, MET766A, LEU777A, LEU788A, LYS745A, VAL726A
8.	<i>Lavandulol</i>	-5,26	$138,41 \times 10^3$	ASP855A, PHE856A, CYS775A, LEU777A, MET766A, MET788A, LYS745A, VAL726A
9.	<i>Linalool</i>	-5,46	$100,31 \times 10^3$	MET766A, PHE856A, CYS775A, LEU777A, ALA743A, LYS745A, VAL726A

LAMPIRAN 8

(LANJUTAN)

Tabel V.9

Lanjutan

No.	Senyawa	ΔG (kkal/mol)	KI (nM)	Residu asam amino yang berikatan
10.	<i>Methyl salicylate</i>	-5,48	$96,29 \times 10^3$	LYS745A, LEU858A, ASP855A, PHE856A, MET766A, CYS775A, LEU777A
11.	<i>Myrtenol</i>	-5,56	$83,95 \times 10^3$	CYS775A, THR854A, MET766A, LEU777A, LEU788A, LYS745A, LEU858A
12.	<i>Dipropargylamine</i>	-3,79	$1,66 \times 10^6$	ASP855A, THR854A, PHE856A, MET766A, LEU788A, LYS745A
13.	<i>Benzoquinone</i>	-4,52	$488,95 \times 10^3$	PHE856A, CYS775A, LEU777A, MET766A
14.	<i>P-Cymene</i>	-5,69	$67,76 \times 10^3$	LEU777A, MET766A, PHE856A, LEU788A, LYS745A
15.	<i>Trans-Rose Oxide</i>	-6,29	$24,57 \times 10^3$	ASP855A, MET766A, LEU777A, PHE856A, LEU788A, LYS745A

LAMPIRAN 8

(LANJUTAN)

Tabel V.10

Hasil Penambatan Molekul Ligan Uji Pada *Mitogen-Activated Kinase Kinase**Kinase 7*

No.	Senyawa	ΔG (kkal/mol)	KI (nM)	Residu asam amino yang berikatan
1.	Takinib (Ligan Pembanding)	8,86	319,88	LYS63A, ASP175A, CYS174A, MET104A, VAL90A, LEU163A, VAL50A, ALA61A, ALA107A, VAL42A, TYR106A,
2.	<i>(E)</i> -2-Octen-1-ol	-4,18	$867,01 \times 10^3$	ALA107A, MET104A, ALA61A, LYS63A
3.	<i>(E,E)</i> -1,5- Cyclododecadiene	-5,79	$56,71 \times 10^3$	CYS174A, LEU163A, ALA61A, VAL50A
4.	<i>Nioxime</i>	-4,55	$459,08 \times 10^3$	LEU163A, ALA107A, ALA61A, VAL50A
5.	<i>1,4-Octadiene</i>	-3,77	$1,72 \times 10^6$	LEU163A, ALA107A, TYR106A, ALA61A, LYS63A, LEU102A, MET104A
6.	<i>Tropone</i>	-4,21	$817,12 \times 10^3$	LYS63A, ASP175A, MET104A, CYS174A, LEU163A, VAL50A
7.	<i>Fenchol</i>	-4,98	$224,42 \times 10^3$	ALA61A, LEU163A, ALA107A, TYR106A, GLY110A, VAL42A, VAL50
8.	<i>Lavandulol</i>	-4,62	$441,08 \times 10^3$	VAL50, LYS63A, MET104A, ALA61A, GLU105A, ALA107A, CYS174A, LEU163A
9.	<i>Linalool</i>	-4,88	$266,29 \times 10^3$	LYS63A, VAL50A, ALA61A, MET104A, ALA107A, LEU163A

LAMPIRAN 8

(LANJUTAN)

Tabel V.10

Lanjutan

No.	Senyawa	ΔG (kkal/mol)	KI (nM)	Residu asam amino yang berikatan
10.	<i>Methyl salicylate</i>	-4,40	$594,99 \times 10^3$	VAL50, MET104A, ALA61A, LEU163A, GLU105A,ALA107A, TYR106A
11.	<i>Myrtenol</i>	-5,12	$175,76 \times 10^3$	LEU163A,ALA107A, GLU105A,TYR106A, ALA61A, VAL42A, VAL50A
12.	<i>Dipropargylamine</i>	-3,76	$1,74 \times 10^6$	ALA46A, PRO160A, APS175A, CYS174A, VAL50A, ARG44A
13.	<i>Benzoquinone</i>	-3,84	$1,54 \times 10^6$	LYS63A, ASP175A, MET104A,CYS174A, LEU163A, VAL50A
14.	<i>P-Cymene</i>	-4,52	$483,64 \times 10^3$	VAL42A, VAL50A, ALA61A, MET104A, VAL90A, LEU163A, ALA107A, TYR106A
15.	<i>Trans-Rose Oxide</i>	-5,28	$135,75 \times 10^3$	VAL42A, VAL50A, ALA61A, MET104A, VAL90A, LEU163A, ALA107A, TYR106A

LAMPIRAN 9

**PREDIKSI PROFIL ABSORBSI DAN DISTRIBUSI LIGAN DAN
SENYAWA MINYAK ATSIRI TANAMAN JELATANG (*Laportea aestuans*
(L.) Chew)**

Tabel V.11

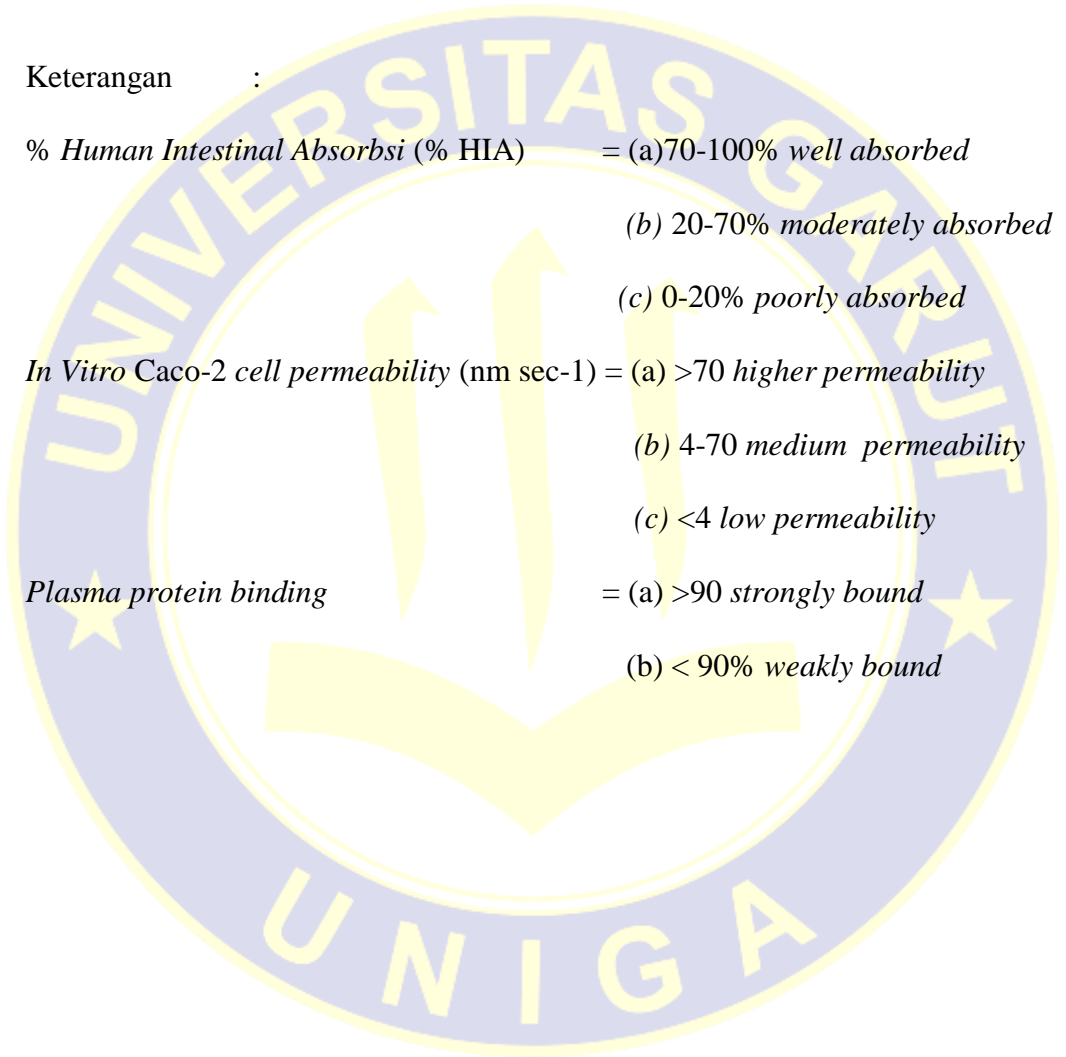
Hasil Prediksi Profil Absorbsi Dan Distribusi Ligan Dan Senyawa Minyak Atsiri
Tanaman Jelatang (*Laportea aestuans* (L.) Chew)

No.	Senyawa	Absorbsi		Distribusi
		HIA (%)	CACO-2 cell (nm sec ⁻¹)	Plasma Protein Binding (%)
1.	Tamoxifen (Ligan pembanding)	97,20 ^a	47,73 ^b	99,51 ^a
2.	Genistein (Ligan pembanding)	88,12 ^a	5,74 ^b	89,73 ^b
3.	Lapatinib (Ligan pembanding)	96,86 ^a	17,99 ^b	97,56 ^a
4.	Takinib (Ligan pembanding)	94,57 ^a	21,16 ^b	95,33 ^a
5.	<i>(E)-2-Octen-1-ol</i>	100 ^a	1,9078 ^c	100 ^a
6.	<i>(E,E)-1,5-Cyclododecadiene</i>	100 ^a	23,39 ^b	100 ^a
7.	<i>Nioxime</i>	77,76 ^a	19,21 ^b	19,67 ^b
8.	<i>1,4-Octadiene</i>	100 ^a	23,40 ^b	100 ^a
9.	<i>Tropone</i>	100 ^a	43,76 ^b	91,48 ^a
10.	<i>Fenchol</i>	100 ^a	24,23 ^b	100 ^a
11.	<i>Lavandulol</i>	100 ^a	24,62 ^b	100 ^a
12.	<i>Linalool</i>	100 ^a	29,35 ^b	100 ^a
13.	<i>Methyl salicylate</i>	88,13 ^a	20,13 ^b	8,77 ^b
14.	<i>Myrtenol</i>	100 ^a	21,46 ^b	35,76 ^b
15.	<i>Dipropargylamine</i>	100 ^a	23,17 ^b	82,00 ^b
16.	<i>Benzoquinone</i>	97,80 ^a	17,45 ^b	85,19 ^b
17.	<i>P-Cymene</i>	100 ^a	23,43 ^b	100 ^a
18.	<i>Trans-Rose Oxide</i>	100 ^a	38,13 ^b	100 ^a

LAMPIRAN 9**(LANJUTAN)****Tabel V.11**

Lanjutan (keterangan tabel)

Keterangan :



<i>% Human Intestinal Absorpsi (% HIA)</i>	= (a) 70-100% <i>well absorbed</i> (b) 20-70% <i>moderately absorbed</i> (c) 0-20% <i>poorly absorbed</i>
<i>In Vitro Caco-2 cell permeability (nm sec⁻¹)</i>	= (a) >70 <i>higher permeability</i> (b) 4-70 <i>medium permeability</i> (c) <4 <i>low permeability</i>
<i>Plasma protein binding</i>	= (a) >90 <i>strongly bound</i> (b) < 90% <i>weakly bound</i>

LAMPIRAN 10

PREDIKSI SIFAT TOKSISITAS LIGAN DAN SENYAWA MINYAK

ATSIRI TANAMAN JELATANG (*Laportea aestuans* (L.) Chew)

Tabel V.12

Hasil Prediksi Sifat Toksisitas Ligan dan Senyawa Minyak Atsiri Tanaman

Jelatang (*Laportea aestuans* (L.) Chew)

No.	Senyawa	Crammer Rules	Beningni/Bossa Rulebase	Kroes TTC
1.	Tamoxifen (Ligan pembanding)	3	8,9	1
2.	Genistein (Ligan pembanding)	3	1,8,9	2
3.	Lapatinib (Ligan pembanding)	3	2,8	1
4.	Takinib (Ligan pembanding)	3	2,8	1
5.	<i>(E)</i> -2-Octen-1-ol	1	2,8	1
6.	<i>(E,E)</i> -1,5-Cyclododecadiene	1	2,8	1
7.	<i>Nioxime</i>	3	8,9	1
8.	<i>1,4-Octadiene</i>	1	8,9	1
9.	<i>Tropone</i>	2	1,8,9	2
10.	<i>Fenchol</i>	1	8,9	1
11.	<i>Lavandulol</i>	1	2,8	1
12.	<i>Linalool</i>	3	8,9	1
13.	<i>Methyl salicylate</i>	1	8,9	1
14.	<i>Myrtenol</i>	1	8,9	1
15.	<i>Dipropargylamine</i>	3	8,9	1
16.	<i>Benzoquinone</i>	2	1,9	2
17.	<i>P-Cymene</i>	1	8,9	1
18.	<i>Trans-Rose Oxide</i>	3	8,9	1

LAMPIRAN 10**(LANJUTAN)****Tabel V.12**

Lanjutan (keterangan tabel)

Keterangan :

Cramer rules = (1) Substances with simple chemical structures and fix which efficient modes of metabolism exist, suggesting a low order of oral toxicity.

(2) Substances which possess structures that are less innocuous than class I substances, but do not contain structural features suggestive of toxicity like those substances in class III.

(3) Substances with chemical structures that permit no strong initial presumption of safety or may even suggest significant toxicity if have reactive functional groups.

Benigni/Bossa rulebase = (1) Structural Alert for genotoxic carcinogenicity.

(2) Structural Alert for nongenotoxic carcinogenicity.

(8) Negative for genotoxic carcinogenicity.

(9) Negative for nongenotoxic carcinogenicity.

Kroes TTC = (1) Substance would not be expected to be a safety concern.

(2) Negligible risk (low probability of life-time cancer risk greater than 1 in 10^6).

DAFTAR RIWAYAT HIDUP

DATA PRIBADI

Nama : Sherin Anindhia Maharani
Tempat/Tanggal Lahir : Jakarta, 17 Mei 1998
Jenis Kelamin : Perempuan
Agama : Islam
Warga Negara : Indonesia
Status : Mahasiswa
Alamat : Jl. Gambas No. 51B RT 003/RW 004
Kel. Pesanggrahan, Kec. Pesanggrahan
Kota Jakarta Selatan – DKI Jakarta, ID
No. Telepon : +6281220985081
Email : sherinanindhia@gmail.com

PENDIDIKAN

Formal

SDN Gunung Putri 05, Bogor 2004-2010
SMPN 1 Cibinong, Bogor 2010-2013
SMAN 1 Cibinong, Bogor 2013-2016
Universitas Garut Prodi S1 Farmasi, Garut 2016-2020

Non Formal

PKL PT. Berkah Alam Nusantara, Garut
PKL Apotek Assyifa, Garut

PENGALAMAN ORGANISASI

SEKOLAH MENENGAH PERTAMA (SMP)

Pasukan Pengibar Bendera (PASKIBRA) (Non Formal)
Olimpiade Astronomi (Non Formal)
Paduan Suara (Non Formal)

SEKOLAH MENENGAH ATAS (SMA)

Paduan Suara *Seventhree Serenade Choir* (Non Formal)

Praja Muda Karana (PRAMUKA) (Non Formal)

Olimpiade Biologi (Non Formal)

UNIVERSITAS

Paduan Suara Gempita Swara Uniga (Non Formal)

Lembaga Dakwah Kampus (Formal)

- Sebagai anggota 2017-2018

Badan Eksekutif Mahasiswa (Formal)

- Sebagai Departemen Olahraga dan Seni 2017-2018

